The Challenges of Addressing Rare Events And How to Overcome Them

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Global Catastrophic Risk

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Ethics of Rare Events



We hold these truths to be self-evident: that all men and women are created equal

Declaration of Sentiments, 1848 Principal author: Elizabeth Cady Stanton

US Citizen Concern for Iranian Civilians

Would you prefer/approve (A) Ground invasion, 20,000 U.S. military dead

Or:

(B1) Nuclear bombing, 100,000 Iranian civilians dead 55.6% prefer, 59.3% approve

(B2) Nuclear bombing, 2,000,000 Iranian civilians dead 47.7% prefer, 59.1% approve

(B3) Conventional bombing, 100,000 Iranian civilians dead 67.3% prefer, 63.1% approve

Sagan SD, Valentino BA 2017. Revisiting Hiroshima in Iran: What Americans really think about using nuclear weapons and killing noncombatants. *International Security*.

Population Projections



Data: UN & US Census

Long-Term Population



1B years from now

Baum et al., 2019. Long-term trajectories of human civilization. Foresight.

There is no reciprocal literature for the opposite of such catastrophic risk: for regulating and managing phenomena that expose society to the possibility of "wonders" or "miracles": extreme-upside events

Rowell A 2020. Regulating best-case scenarios. *Environmental Law*.

Ethics of Rare Events



Ethics of Extreme Events

High probability, Extreme impact

> Low probability, Extreme impact



Addressing Extreme Events

- 1. Identifying and evaluating decision options
- 2a. Motivating action
- 2b. Achieving action without motivation

Identifying and Evaluating Decision Options

- 1. The data problem
- 2. When quantitative analysis is/isn't needed
- 3. How to do the quantitative analysis

Washington's early response to a terrorist nuclear attack on its own soil might also raise the possibility of an unwanted (and nuclear aided) confrontation with Russia and/or China.

Ayson R 2010. After a terrorist nuclear attack: Envisaging catalytic effects. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*.

Nuclear Power & Climate Change

Reduces greenhouse gas emissions

Increases nuclear weapons proliferation?

Socolow RH, Glaser A 2009. Balancing risks: nuclear energy & climate change. *Daedalus*. Miller NL 2017. Why nuclear energy programs rarely lead to proliferation. *Internat'l Security*.

Nuclear Explosives For Asteroids

Nuclear explosives are a primary technique for deflecting asteroids away from Earth

This intersects with nuclear weapons international security issues

Baum SD 2019. Risk-risk tradeoff analysis of nuclear explosives for asteroid deflection. *Risk Analysis*.

This article cannot reach a precise conclusion on the overall risk—risk tradeoff. The value of this article comes less from specific quantitative conclusions and more from providing an analytical framework and a better overall understanding of the policy decision.

Baum SD 2019. Risk-risk tradeoff analysis of nuclear explosives for asteroid deflection. *Risk Analysis*.

Nuclear War Probability Model



Baum SD et al. 2018. A model for the probability of nuclear war.



Baum SD et al. 2018. A model for the probability of nuclear war.



Probability of Nuclear War = P1 x P2

Nuclear War Impacts Model



Baum SD, Barrett AM 2018. A model for the impacts of nuclear war.

Motivating Action & Achieving Action Without Motivation

Some examples:

1. Support Iran's nuclear power program?

2. De-emphasize nuclear terrorism except when it could lead to nuclear war?

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